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# Experiences of Shelter Response Planning for Earthquake Disasters in Kathmandu Valley

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## INTRODUCTION

- Kathmandu, the capital city of Nepal, with high population growth rate, lies in high seismic zone, large stock of building is weak,
- Lack of preparedness and awareness among the people and institutions,
- About 60% of the valley's building stock will be damaged beyond repair
- Shelter Planning and Preparedness is one of the key areas for improvement for better emergency preparedness,
- Shelter Response Strategy and Plan for Kathmandu Valley has been developed.

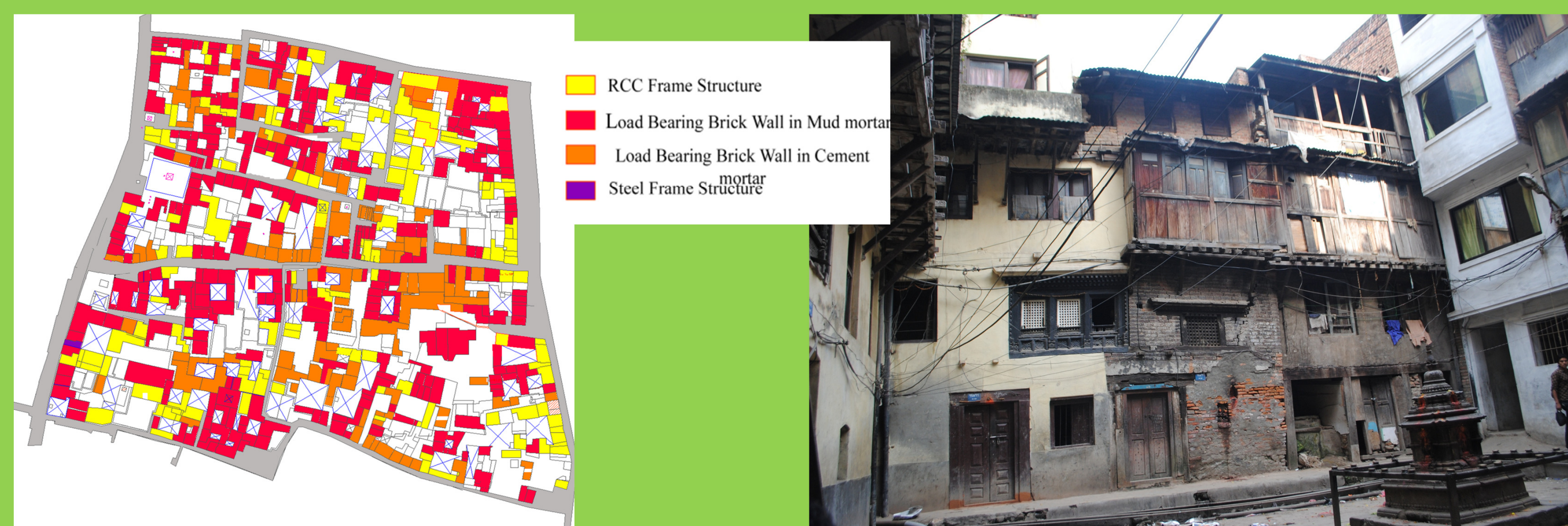
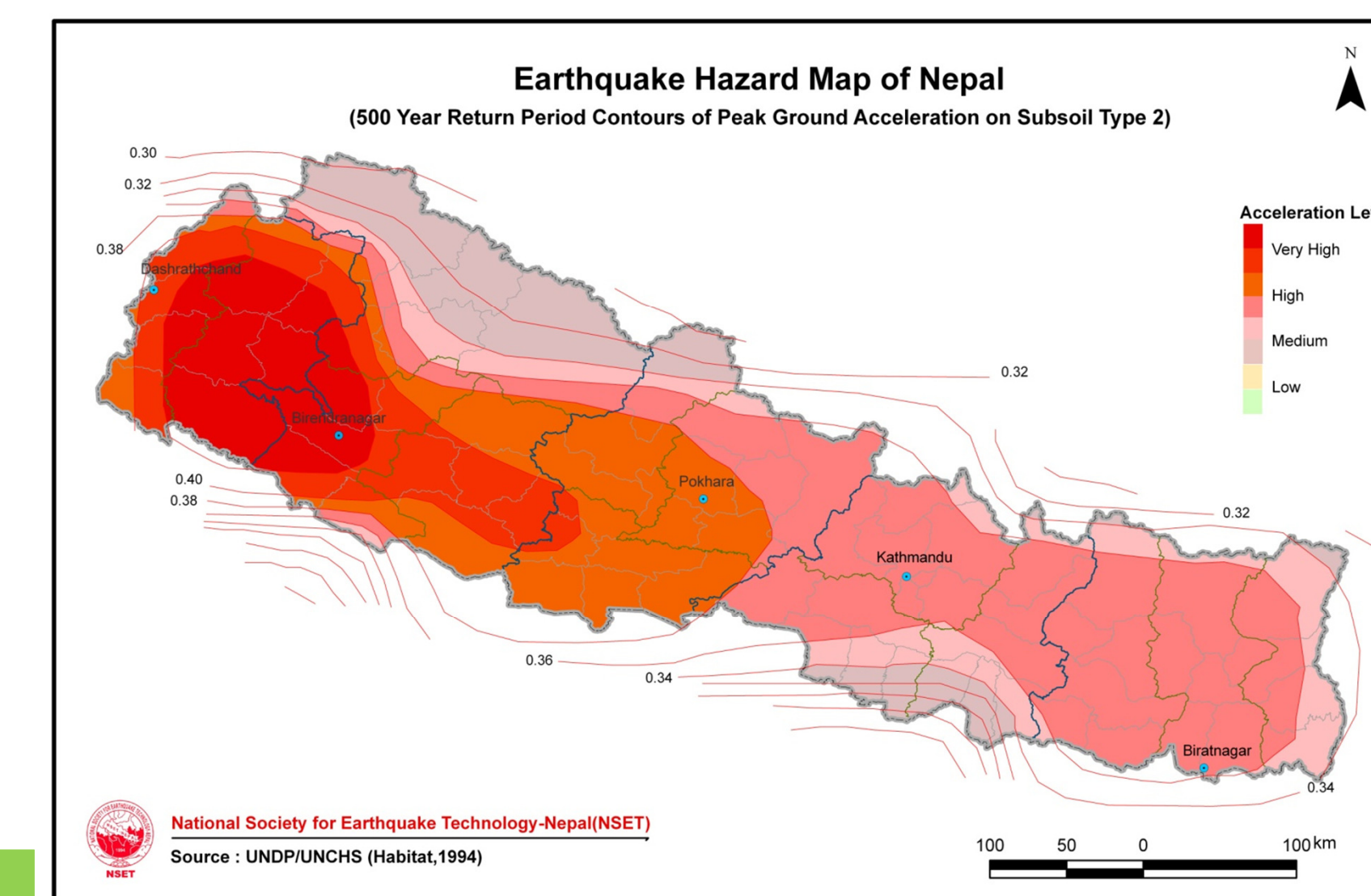


Figure: Type of Building Vulnerability in one of the city core in Kathmandu Valley

## The Shelter Response : Need

- Nature of building stock in Kathmandu : weak
- Potential displacement : estimated 1.5 – 2 million
- Providing shelters for such large number of people : a great challenge for Nepal,
- Strategy and plan for shelter response beforehand is must for effective response and rehabilitation of victims
- *Build back better*

## Lessons from Past Studies: The Process

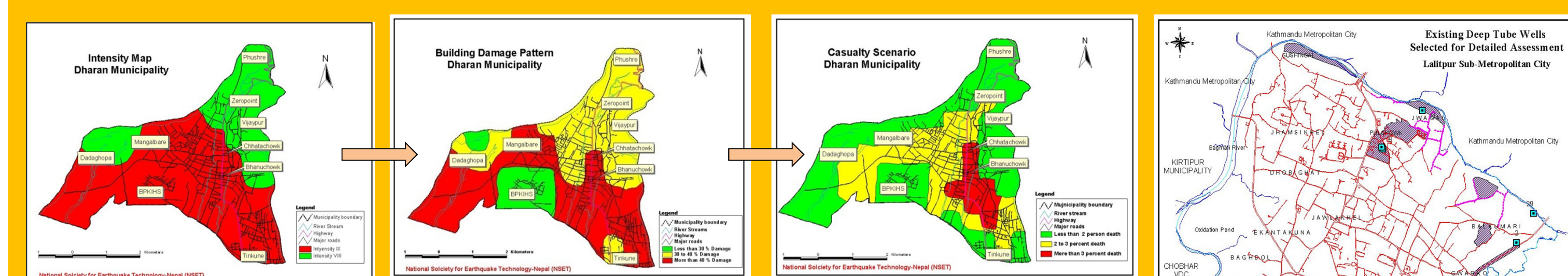


Figure: Example from Dharan Municipality

**Risk Assessments > Casualty Estimations**  
**> Open Spaces Survey > Identification of**  
**Evacuation Sites > Preposition of Water**  
**Supply System**

Figure: Disaster Preparedness Plan for Lalitpur Sub-Metropolitan City

## Objectives

- To formulate framework for shelter plan for KV in case of disaster,
- To develop improved capacity to assess and address post-disaster shelter recovery needs and shelter planning

## Methods

- Review of past works
- Development of broad framework of shelter response strategy plan
- Consultation and workshop: shared ideas and feedback from stakeholders
- Open Spaces : Inventory (Participatory)
- Shelter Models and layouts : Developed
- Comprehensive Shelter Plan Preparation

## Earthquake Scenario: Kathmandu Valley

### The process:

- Based on SEDM (JICA 2002)
- Estimations for 2009 population of KV

### Shelter Need Assessment

### Scenario:

- Total displaced population = 800,000
- No. of displaced families = 160,000 (with average household size of 5 persons per family)
- Families taking shelter with families and friends (approx. 5 %) = 8,000
- Families taking shelter in damaged houses or self managed temporary shelters nearby original houses (approx. 5%) = 8,000
- Migrated families (approx. 2%) = 4,000
- No. of families requiring shelter in shelter camps = 140,000 (total population = 700,000)

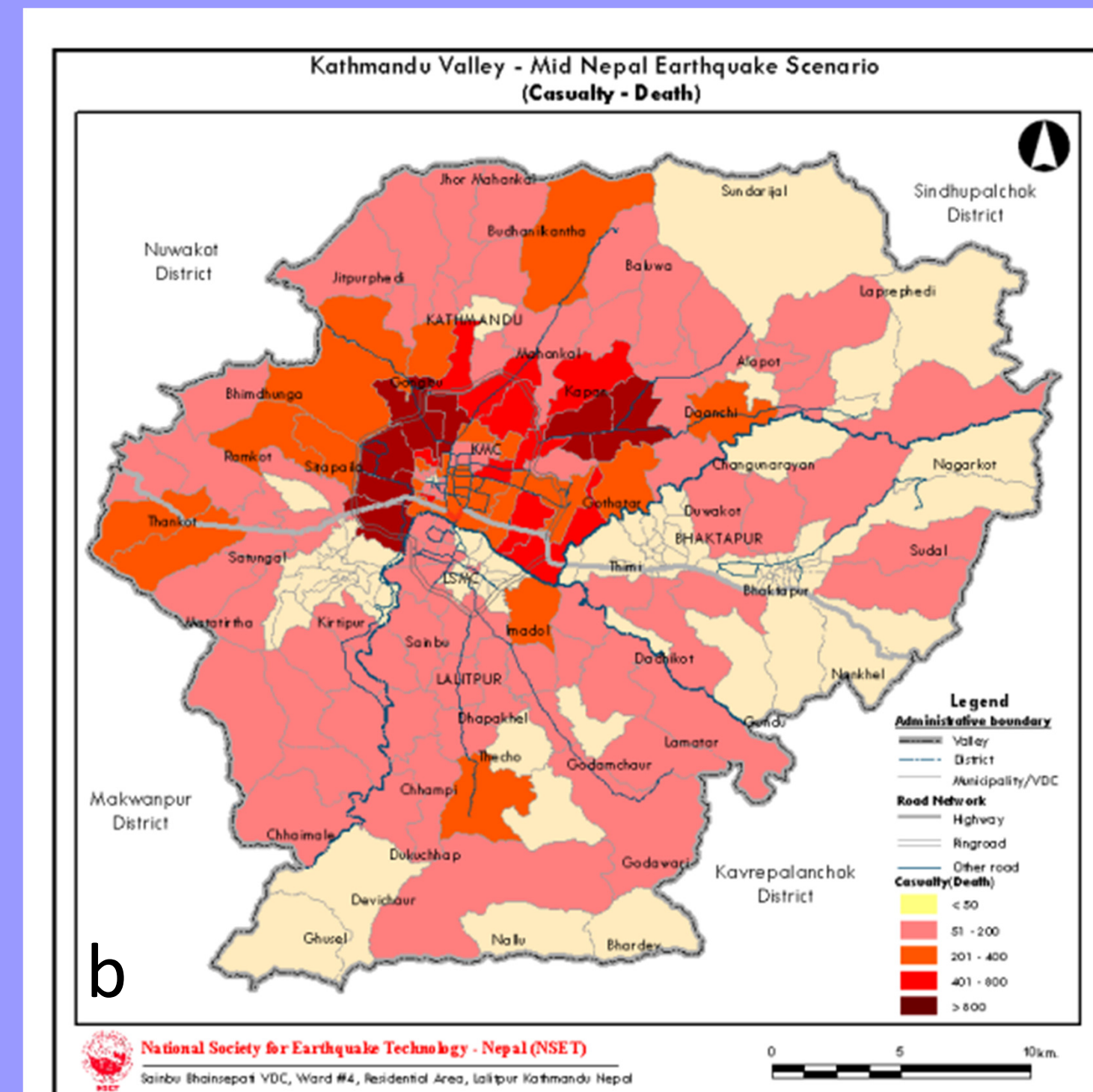
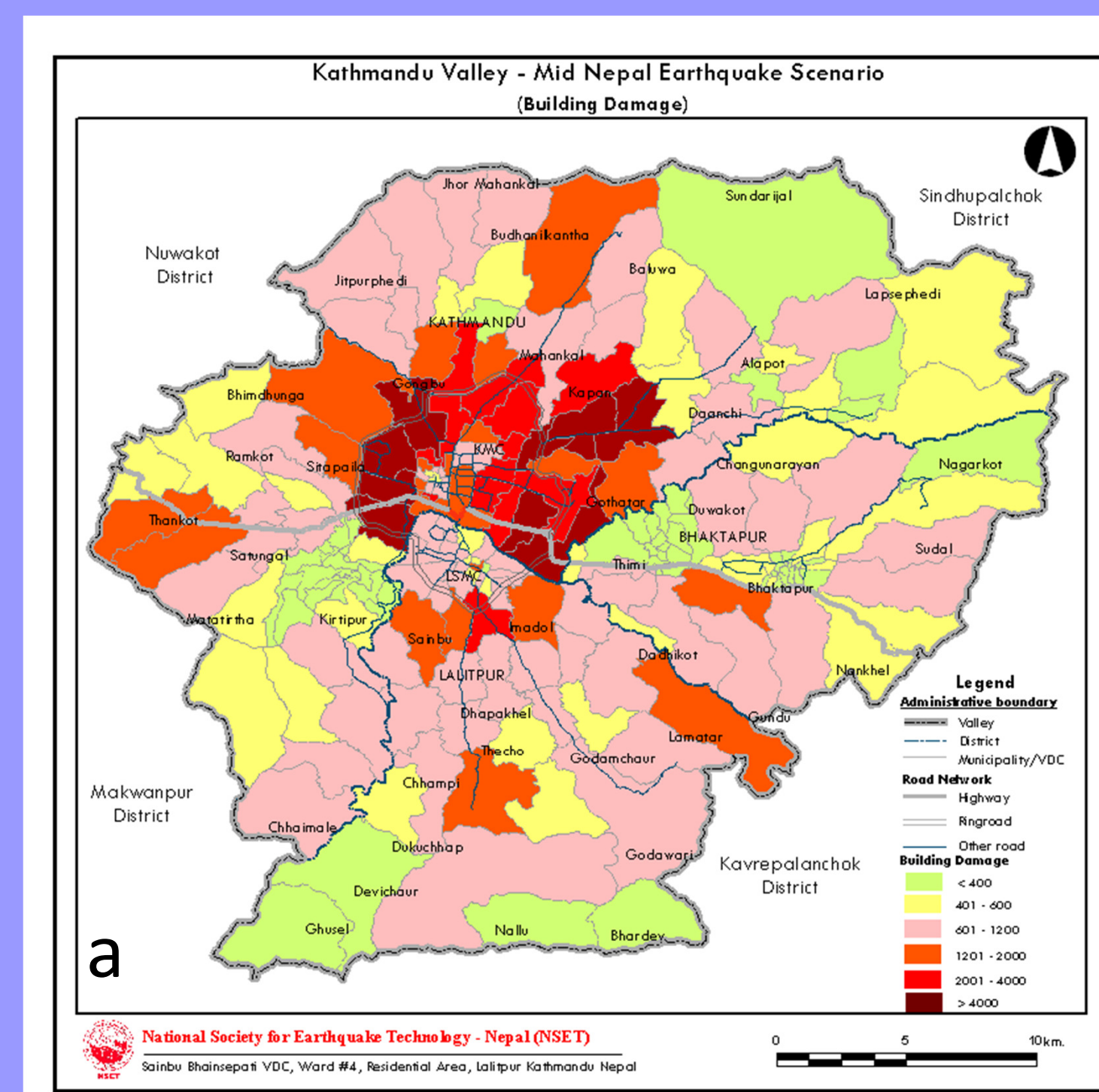


Figure: (a) Building Damage Estimation; (b) Casualty Estimation, for scenario earthquake in Kathmandu Valley

## Shelter Planning: Results from Open Spaces Survey

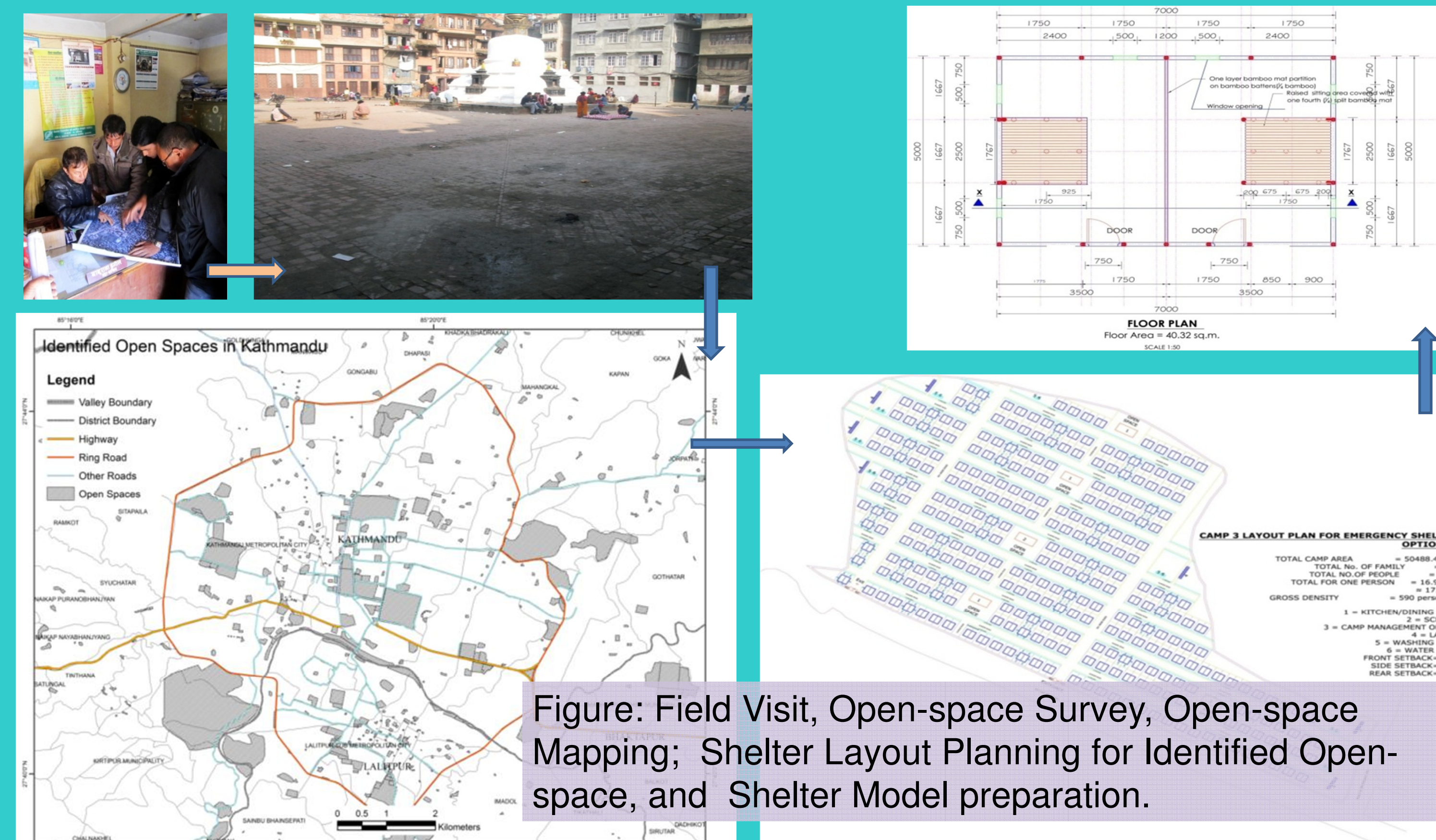


Figure: Field Visit, Open-space Survey, Open-space Mapping; Shelter Layout Planning for Identified Open-space, and Shelter Model preparation.

| District /VDCs               | No. of Sites | Total Area (Ropani) | Usable Area (Ropani) |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Kathmandu District</b>    |              |                     |                      |
| Kathmandu Metrop. City       | 266          | 9435.0              | 5569.4               |
| Kirtipur Municipality        | 13           | 2543.0              | 1384.5               |
| VDCs                         | 209          | 5281.0              | 3484.7               |
| <b>Lalitpur District</b>     |              |                     |                      |
| Lalitpur Sub-metrop. City    | 137          | 6453.0              | 4841.8               |
| VDCs                         | 209          | 3947.0              | 1849.9               |
| <b>Bhaktapur District</b>    |              |                     |                      |
| Bhaktapur Municipality       | 17           | 971.0               | 703.5                |
| Madhyapur Thimi Municipality | 13           | 1096.0              | 740.9                |
| VDCs                         | 23           | 490.0               | 303.4                |
| <b>Total</b>                 | <b>887</b>   | <b>30216.0</b>      | <b>18878.10</b>      |

Usable area about 62 %

1 Ropani = 508 square meters

## Lessons and Way Forward

- The shelter framework prepared will need proper implementation strategy as well as commitment of the concerned authorities and other stakeholders.
- Wider dissemination of the plan, awareness rising from local communities to national authorities, decision makers is needed.
- Regular update of information, and improving plan on time basis is also essential for the better implementation and to make plan live.